Wetland and Waterbody Delineation Report



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September 28, 2020

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Stantec Consulting Services Inc. (Stantec) has been assisting Hancock County and the Maumee Watershed Conservancy District (MWCD) with the Hancock County Flood Risk Reduction Program (HCFRRP) since 2016. Stantec previously completed conceptual design and analysis of potential additional hydraulic improvements to the Blanchard River corridor within the City of Findlay and Hancock County. The Additional Hydraulic Improvements Project (the "Project") is intended to increase the flood carrying capacity of the Blanchard River and reduce the water surface elevations (WSEs) upstream of the proposed Project areas. Recommendations for additional benching upstream of the existing Phase I and Phase II Hydraulic Improvements projects were made such that the WSE reduction benefits of the Project would be complimentary to Phase I and Phase II of the Norfolk Southern railroad bridge expansion. In addition to the additional benching upstream of the Phase I and Phase II Hydraulic Improvements projects, MWCD requested Stantec to construct two additional riffle structures to add to the aesthetics of the Project.

The Project area is located between North Cory Street and Central Parkway in the City of Findlay, Hancock County, Ohio (Figure 1, Appendix A).

Stantec was retained by MWCD to perform a wetland and waterbody delineation study within the proposed Project area (Figure 1, Appendix A). Stantec biologists performed pedestrian field surveys for wetlands and waterbodies within the Project area on July 22, 2020. In addition to wetlands and waterbodies, Stantec documented the locations of upland vegetation communities and land uses within the Project area. The dominant land uses within the Project area consisted of maintained lawn, mixed early successional/second growth riparian forest, and industrial habitats. During the wetland and waterbody delineation field surveys, one stream (Stream 1, Blanchard River) was identified within the Project area. Additionally, no wetlands or other waterbodies were identified within the Project area.

Features identified within the Project area were mapped by Stantec using handheld sub-meter accuracy Global Positioning System (GPS) unit and mapped with Geographic Information System (GIS) software and are shown on Figure 4.

Wetlands and waterbodies that are considered Waters of the United States (WOTUS) are subject to regulation under Sections 404 and 401 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and placement of fill and/or dredging activities within WOTUS are regulated in Ohio by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA), respectively. With the new Navigable Waters Protection Rule that went into effect on June 22, 2020, the OEPA also regulates impacts to ephemeral streams and wetlands that are considered isolated and not WOTUS in the state of Ohio. Hancock County and the City of Findlay may also have local regulatory authority over certain types of wetlands and waterbodies. MWCD is the Project proponent and would need to obtain all required permits and approvals prior to initiation of the Project should impacts to WOTUS or State waters occur.

Due to the proposed addition of two riffle structures within the Blanchard River as part of the Project, MWCD would be required to receive authorization from the USACE and OEPA under Sections 404 and 401 of the



CWA prior to initiation of any construction activities. The proposed Project components should be able to receive authorization through the USACE Nationwide Permit (NWP) application process under NWP 27 (Aquatic Habitat Restoration, Enhancement and Establishment Activities) Pre-Construction Notification (PCN). Additionally, MWCD would be required to comply with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) as part of the Section 404 and Section 401 CWA permitting process.

Introduction September 28, 2020

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Project is intended to increase the flood carrying capacity of the Blanchard River and reduce the WSEs upstream of the proposed Project areas. Recommendations for additional benching upstream of the existing Phase I and Phase II Hydraulic Improvements projects were made such that the WSE reduction benefits of the Project would be complimentary to Phase I and Phase II of the NS Railroad Bridge Expansion. In addition to the additional benching upstream of the Phase I and Phase II Hydraulic Improvements projects, MWCD requested Stantec to construct two additional riffle structures to add to the aesthetics of the Project.

The Project area is located between North Cory Street and Central Parkway in the City of Findlay, Hancock County, Ohio (Figure 1, Appendix A).

Stantec was retained by MWCD to perform a wetland and waterbody delineation study within the proposed Project area (Figure 1, Appendix A). Stantec biologists performed pedestrian field surveys for wetlands and waterbodies within the Project area on July 22, 2020. In addition to wetlands and waterbodies, Stantec also documented the locations of upland vegetation communities and land uses within the Project area. The dominant land uses within the Project area consisted of maintained lawn, mixed early successional/second growth riparian forest, and industrial habitats. During the wetland and waterbody delineation field surveys, one stream (Stream 1, Blanchard River) was identified within the Project area. Additionally, no wetlands or other waterbodies were identified within the Project area.

General flow of surface water in the surrounding area is south to the Blanchard River and eventually west into the Auglaize River in Putnam County, Ohio. Surface water within the Project area flows south via surface flow to the Blanchard River, which is located on the southern border of the Project area (Figure 4, Appendix A).

This report presents the findings of a wetland and waterbody delineation study conducted by Stantec within the Project area. Features identified within the Project area were mapped by Stantec using handheld submeter accuracy GPS unit and mapped with GIS software and are shown on Figure 4.

Methods September 28, 2020

2.0 METHODS

2.1.1 Wetland Delineation

The wetland delineation was based on Stantec's professional judgment and interpretation of the technical criteria presented in the 1987 *Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual* (USACE Manual; USACE 1987) and the USACE *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual Northcentral and Northeast Region Version 2.0* (The Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement; USACE 2012). The wetland boundaries, where present, were delineated using the routine onsite determination method described in the USACE Manual and Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement, supplemented by *The National Wetland Plant List: 2014 Wetland Ratings* (Lichvar 2014), *The National Wetland Plant List: 2016 Update of Wetland Ratings* (Lichvar et al. 2016), and *Field Indicators of Hydric Soils of the United States, Version 8.2* (USDA 2018). Wetland categories were classified using the Ohio Rapid Assessment Method (ORAM) for Wetlands Version 5.0 (Mack 2001). Stantec completed the following scope of services to identify and delineate wetland boundaries within the Project area:

- <u>Office Data Review</u>: Stantec personnel reviewed the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) topographic map with coverage of the Project area (Figure 1), U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soil Survey of Hancock County, Ohio (USDA 2020) (Figure 2), U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) maps (Figure 3), and the corresponding Hancock County hydric soils list. These resources were used to identify potential wetland areas and potential streams prior to completing field surveys.
- 2. <u>Site Reconnaissance</u>: Stantec performed the field survey portion of the wetland and waterbody delineation study on July 22, 2020, using the routine onsite determination method. First, the dominant plant species within each community were identified and a determination was made on whether the plant community was dominated by hydrophytic (wetland) plants. Next, a representative wetland determination sample point was located within plant communities that appeared to potentially be dominated by hydrophytic vegetation and soils were observed using a spade shovel to determine if hydric soil indicators were present. Lastly, the sample point location was observed to determine if indicators of wetland hydrology (inundation, soil saturation, etc.) were present. When a sample point location was determined to be within a wetland, further testing was to be performed to locate the wetland/upland boundary and a second sample point location was established outside of the wetland boundary to document conditions in the upland area. Wetland boundaries and the wetland determination sample points were located using a handheld sub-meter accuracy GPS unit and mapped with GIS software.
- <u>Data Collection</u>: Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement wetland determination data forms for the routine onsite determination method were completed for two representative locations within the Project area (see Figure 4 for the wetland determination sample point locations and Appendix B for Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement wetland determination data

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forms). The data forms provide a record of the vegetation, soils, and hydrology observations used in making the wetland determinations

Stantec photographed the wetland determination sample point locations and vegetation communities located within the Project area. Representative photographs of the vegetation communities and wetland determination sample point locations are provided in Appendix C.

2.1.2 Stream Delineation

Streams that demonstrated a continuously defined channel (bed and bank), ordinary high water mark (OHWM), and the disturbance of terrestrial vegetation were delineated within the Project area, per the protocols outlined in the USACE's Guidance on Ordinary High Water Mark Identification (Regulatory Guidance Letter No. 05-05; USACE 2005). Delineated streams were classified as ephemeral, intermittent, or perennial per definitions in the Federal Register/Vol. 67, No. 10 (USACE 2002) and determined as potential Waters of the U.S. (WOTUS) per "The Navigable Waters Protection Rule" published in the Federal Register/Vol. 85, No. 77 (USACE 2020). Functional assessment of streams identified within the Project area was based on completion of the OEPA's Headwater Habitat Evaluation Index (HHEI; OEPA 2012) and/or Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI; OEPA 2006). The centerline or OHWM of each waterway was identified and surveyed using a handheld sub-meter accuracy GPS unit and mapped with GIS software. Additionally, the locations of upland drainage features (which lacked a continuously defined bed and bank/OHWM) were identified within the Project area and recorded with a sub-meter accuracy GPS unit during the field surveys.

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3.0 FINDINGS

3.1 SITE SOILS

The Web Soil Survey of Hancock County, Ohio (USDA 2020a) identifies two soil types within the Project area (Table 1, Figure 2). According to the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Soil Data Access - Hydric Soils List for Hancock County, Ohio (USDA 2020b), one of the soil types within the Project area is considered to be partially hydric soil.

The Project area is made up of well-drained and somewhat poorly drained soils. The soils within the Project area have been previously disturbed. Therefore, some of the soils within the Project area may no longer reflect the characteristics of the soil mapping units in the NRCS database and web soil survey.

Map Unit Symbol	Description	Drainage Class	Hydric Soil Rating
Ur	Urban	Well drained	Not Hydric
LcA	Lamberjack-Urban land complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Somewhat Poorly drained	Partially Hydric

Table 1. NRCS Soil Data

3.2 NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY

NWI maps have been prepared by the USFWS (2018) based on high altitude infrared aerial photography and limited ground truthing. Wetlands and deep-water habitats are identified on these maps and classified according to the system developed by Cowardin and others. The aerial photographs reflect conditions during the specific year and season the data were acquired and all wetlands may not be indicated.

The NWI map (Figure 3) identifies one wetland community within the Project area. This NWI-mapped community consists of one riverine, lower perennial, unconsolidated bottom, permanently flooded (R2UBH) system within the Project area. As shown on Figure 4, Stantec identified this area as the Blanchard River.

3.3 VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

The vegetation communities present within the Project area predominantly consist of maintained lawn, mixed early successional/second growth riparian forest, and industrial habitats. Dominant plant species comprising these vegetation communities were identified and the USFWS wetland plant indicator status was determined according to Lichvar (2014) and Lichvar et al. (2016). The USFWS has defined five wetland plant indicator categories, which include:

• Obligate wetland (OBL - has >99% probability of occurring in wetlands);

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- Facultative wetland (FACW has 66% to 99% chance of occurring in wetlands);
- Facultative (FAC has 33% to 66% chance of occurring in wetlands);
- Facultative upland (FACU has 1 to 33% chance of occurring in wetlands); and
- Upland (UPL has <1% chance of occurring in wetlands).

Plants classified as OBL, FACW or FAC are, considered to be, wetland plants (hydrophytes) by the USFWS and USACE.

Maintained Lawn

Dominant plant species found within the maintained lawn habitats consisted of: Kentucky bluegrass (*Poa pratensis*), tall fescue (*Schedonorus arundinaceus*). Timothy grass (*Phleum pratense*), dandelion (*Taraxacum officinalis*), white clover (*Trifolium repens*), red clover (*Trifolim pratense*), alsike clover (*Trifolium hybridum*), and broadleaf plantain (*Plantago major*).

Mixed Early Successional/Second Growth Riparian Forest

Dominant plant species found within the mixed early successional/second growth riparian forest habitats consisted of: Amur honeysuckle, green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*), Osage orange (*Maclura pomifera*), black walnut (*Juglans nigra*), eastern cottonwood, poison ivy (*Toxicodendron radicans*), American sycamore, riverbank wildrye (*Elymus riparius*), honeylocust (*Gleditsia triacanthos*), Virginia wildrye (*Elymus virginicus*), common hackberry (*Celtis occidentalis*), American elm (*Ulmus americana*), silver maple (*Acer saccharinum*), boxelder (*Acer negundo*), switchgrass, poison hemlock (*Conium maculatum*), American pokeweed (*Phytolacca americana*) and wingstem (*Verbesina alternifolia*).

Industrial

Industrial habitats within the Project area were dominated by disturbance-tolerant species such as Amur honeysuckle, lesser trefoil (*Trifolium dubium*), bird's-foot trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus*), alsike clover, hairy crabgrass (*Digitaria sanguinalis*), and common wormwood (*Artemisia vulgaris*).

3.4 HYDROLOGY

The Project is located within the Howard Run – Blanchard River watershed (12-Digit Hydrologic Unit Code [HUC] 041000080304) (Table 2). General flow of surface water in the surrounding area is south to the Blanchard River and eventually west into the Auglaize River in Putnam County, Ohio. One stream (Stream 1, Blanchard River) was identified within the Project area (Figure 4, Appendix A).

Table 2. Watershed Information

Watershed Name	12-Digit Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC)
Howard Run – Blanchard River	041000080304

Findings September 28, 2020

3.5 WETLANDS

No wetlands were identified within the Project area. However, two wetland determination sample points (SP01 and SP02) were assessed in areas that displayed hydrophytic vegetation. Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement wetland determination data forms for SP01 and SP02 are provided in Appendix B and photographs of the wetland determination sample point locations are provided in Appendix C. The locations of the wetland determination sample points were recorded by Stantec using a sub-meter accuracy GPS unit (Figure 4, Appendix A).

3.6 STREAMS AND OTHER WATERS

One stream was identified within the Project area. Stream 1 (Blanchard River) is a USGS named stream. The QHEI data form is provided in Appendix B and photographs of the stream are provided in Appendix C. The location of the stream was recorded by Stantec using a sub-meter accuracy GPS unit (Figure 4, Appendix A). Additional information for Stream 1 can be seen in Table 3 below.

Wetland Name	Interpreted Stream Flow Regime	QHEI Score/ Narrative Rating	Approximate Bank to Bank Width (Feet)	Approximate OHWM Width (Feet)	Approximate Stream Length within Project Area (Feet)	Substrates
Stream 1 (Blanchard River)	Perennial	53/Fair	130	145	2,291.5	Boulder, cobble, gravel, sand, bedrock, detritus, muck, silt
		Total			2,291.5	-

Table 3. Stream Findings

Regulatory Considerations September 28, 2020

4.0 REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS

4.1 MEETINGS WITH REGULATORY AGENCIES

No meetings between regulatory agencies and Stantec have taken place at the time this report was prepared. The wetland and waterbody delineation findings presented in this document were developed based upon Stantec's professional training and experience and the results of the July 22, 2020, site visit.

4.2 REGULATORY PERMITTING

Impacts to jurisdictional waters (e.g., streams, wetlands, etc.) are regulated in the State of Ohio by the USACE and OEPA. Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States (WOTUS), including streams and wetlands, require permit approval from the USACE under the provisions of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA). In addition, filling in streams and wetlands also requires Water Quality Certification (WQC) from the OEPA under the provisions of Section 401 of the CWA. Regulatory authority over impacts to these waters lies with the USACE and OEPA in Ohio. Under the new "Navigable Waters Protection Rule" (effective June 22, 2020) ephemeral streams and wetlands that have no surface water connection to a traditional navigable water (TNW) (isolated wetlands) are not considered WOTUS, and therefore are not regulated by the USACE. In Ohio, ephemeral streams and isolated wetlands are considered waters of the State and are therefore regulated by the OEPA. Per new regulatory guidance, impacts to ephemeral streams and level 1 isolated wetlands in Ohio will now require issuance of a general permit from the OEPA. Additionally, any impacts to isolated wetlands categorized above a level 1(level 2 or level 3) will require an Isolated Wetland Permit from the OEPA. Hancock County and the City of Findlay may also have local regulatory authority over certain types of wetlands and waterbodies.

Conclusion September 28, 2020

5.0 CONCLUSION

On July 22, 2020, Stantec performed wetland and waterbody delineation field surveys within the Project area. The objective of the wetland and waterbody delineation study was to identify the extent and spatial arrangement of wetlands and waterbodies within the Project area that may be affected by Project construction activities.

One perennial stream (Stream 1, Blanchard River) totaling roughly 2,291.5 feet was identified within the Project area. Stream 1 achieved a QHEI score of 53 and a narrative rating of "fair" per the QHEI scoring methods (OEPA 2006). No wetlands or other waterbodies were identified within the Project area. However, due to the proposed addition of two riffle structures within the Blanchard River as part of the Project, MWCD would be required to receive authorization from the USACE and OEPA under Sections 404 and 401 of the CWA prior to initiation of any construction activities. The proposed Project components should be able to receive authorization through the USACE Nationwide Permit (NWP) application process under NWP 27 (Aquatic Habitat Restoration, Enhancement and Establishment Activities) Pre-Construction Notification (PCN). Additionally, MWCD would be required to demonstrate compliance with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) as part of the Section 404 and Section 401 CWA permitting process.

Level of Care September 28, 2020

6.0 LEVEL OF CARE

The wetland and waterbody delineation services performed by Stantec were conducted in a manner consistent with the criteria contained in the USACE Manual and Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement and with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the environmental consulting profession practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the locality of the Project. It must be recognized that the wetland and waterbody delineation was based on field observations and Stantec's professional interpretation of the criteria in the USACE Manual and Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement at the time of our field surveys. The ultimate determination regarding wetland boundaries rests with the USACE. As a result, there may be adjustments to wetland boundaries based upon review by a regulatory agency. An agency determination can vary from time to time depending on various factors including, but not limited to, the agency representative completing the review, the timeliness of the agency's review, recent precipitation patterns, and season of the year. In addition, the physical characteristics of the site can change over time, depending on the weather, vegetation patterns, drainage, activities on adjacent parcels, or other events. Any of these factors can change the nature and extent of wetlands on the site.

References September 28, 2020

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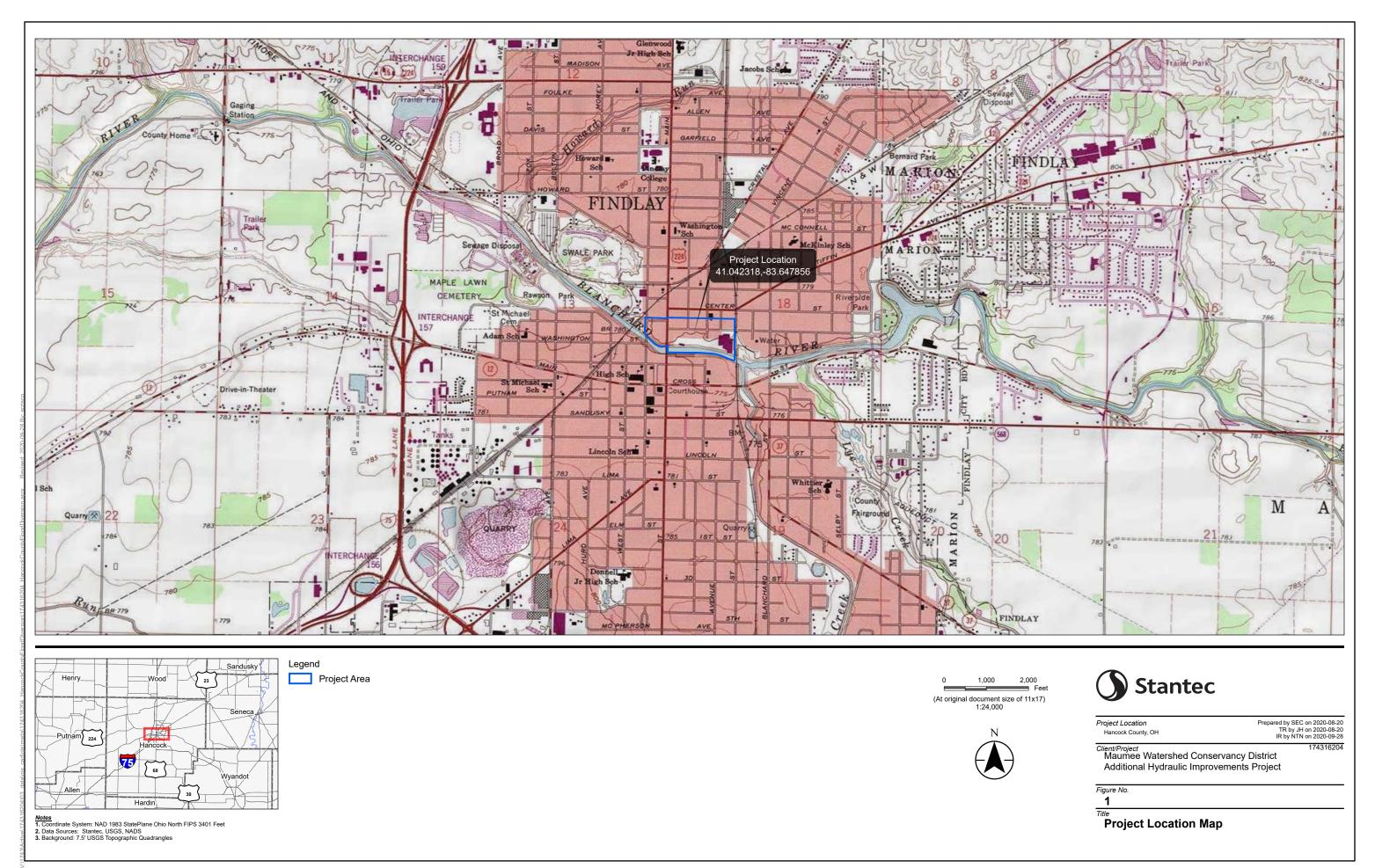
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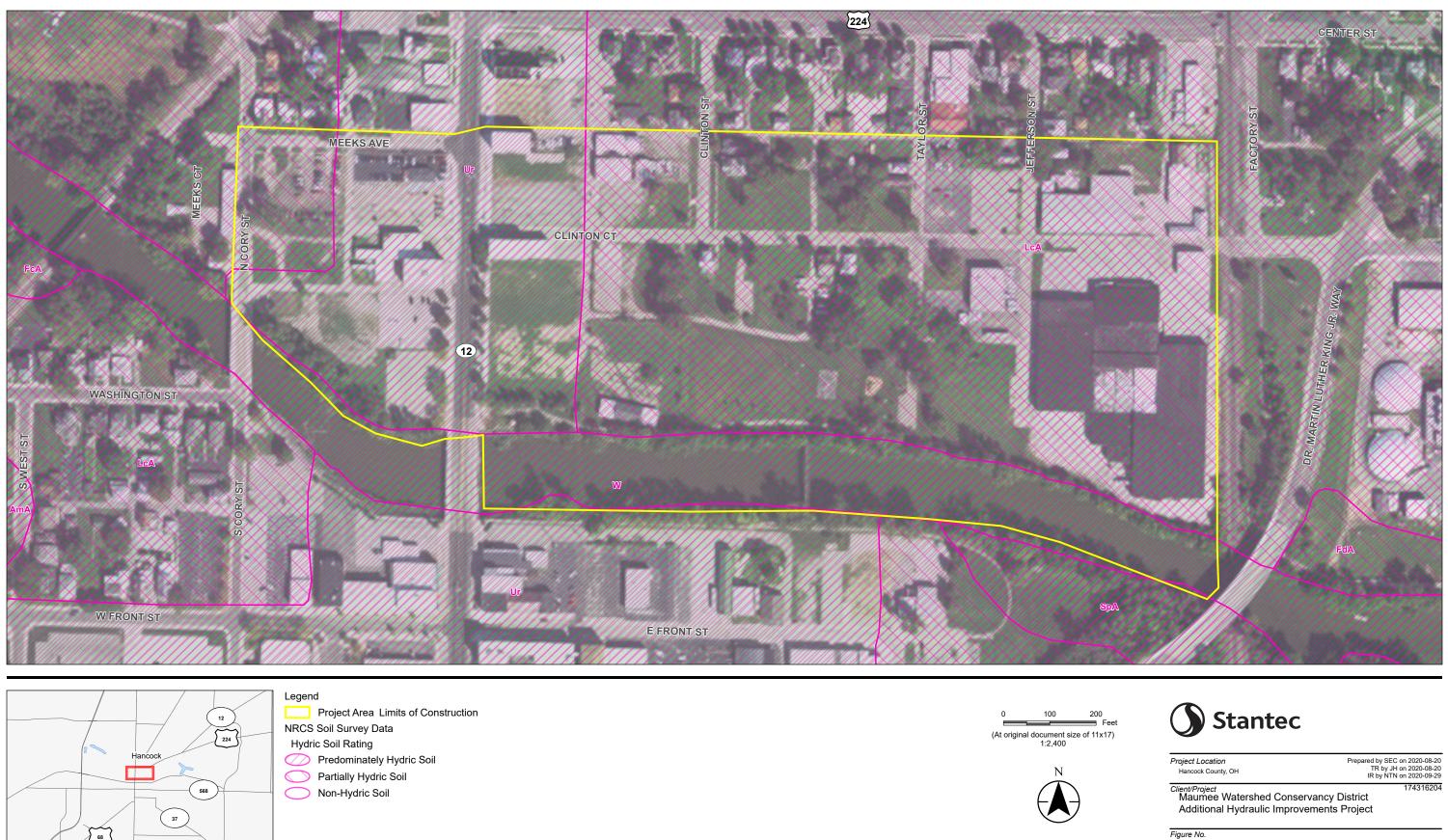
Appendix A FIGURES

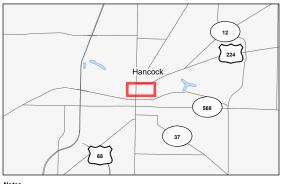
FIGURE 1. PROJECT LOCATION MAP



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FIGURE 2. NRCS SOIL SURVEY MAP







Notes 1. Coordinate System: NAD 1983 StatePlane Ohio North FIPS 3401 Feet 2. Data Sources: Stantec, MWCD, NRCS, USDA, OGRIP 3. Background: 2017 NAIP

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2

Title NRCS Soil Survey Map

FIGURE 3. NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY MAP

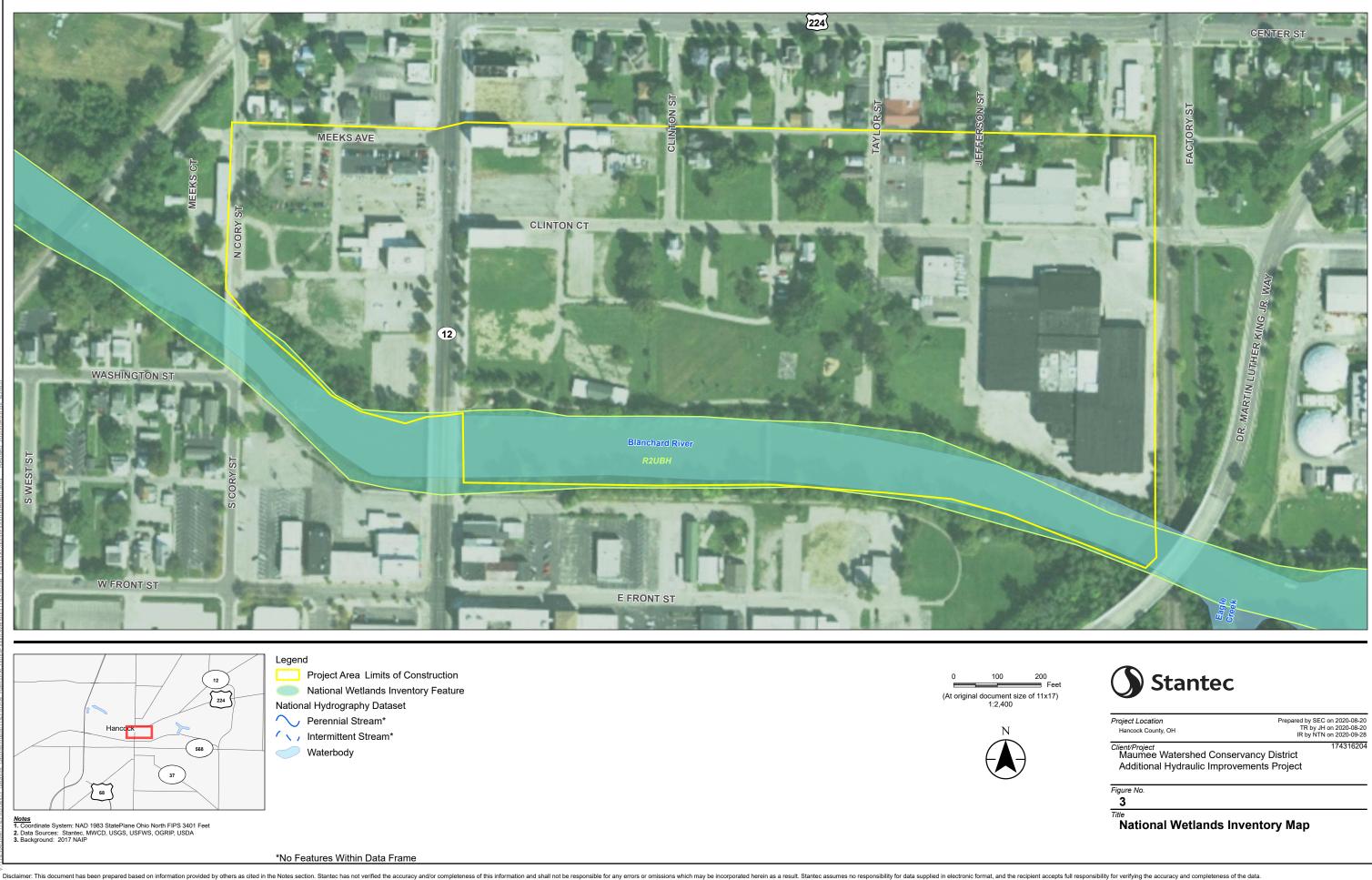
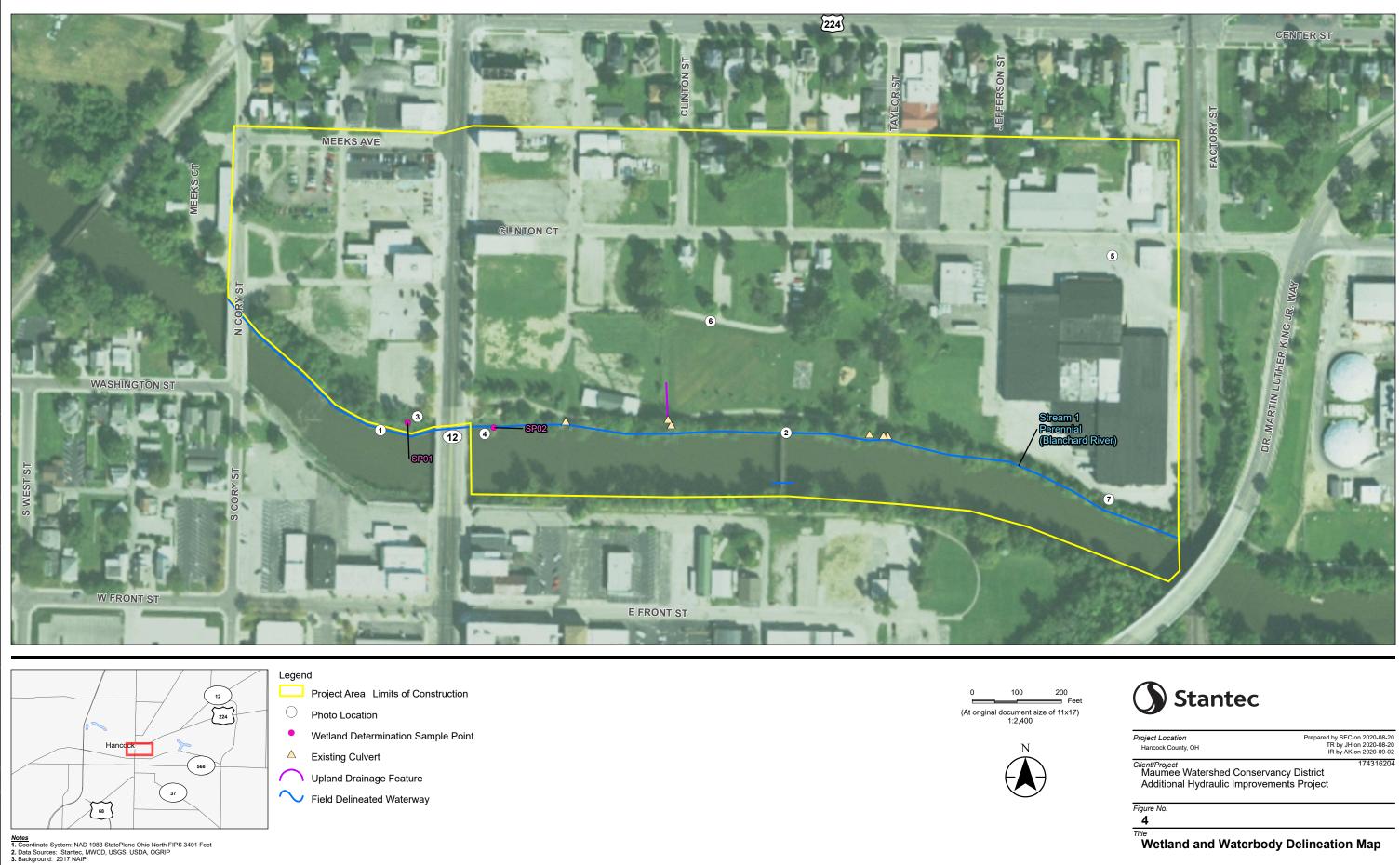


FIGURE 4. WETLAND AND WATERBODY DELINEATION MAP



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Appendix B DATA FORMS

B.1 WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORMS



WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM Northcentral-Northeast Region

Project/Site: Applicant: Investigator #1: Soil Unit: Landform: Slope (%): Are climatic/hyd Are Vegetation Are Vegetation SUMMARY OF Hydrophytic Veg Wetland Hydrol	Maumee W Aaron Kwol Urban Land Rise 1 rologic condi , Soil , c , Soil , c FINDINGS getation Pres	Latitude: itions on the site typ or Hydrology sigr or Hydrology natu	41.04 ical for th ificantly for the second s	rict Inve: Lo 41585	? ? No	NV Convex -83.650	WI/WWI Classification: 470	Datum: X Yes ances presen No Hydric Soils	N/A No t? Present?	Date: County: State: Wetland ID: Sample Point: Community ID: Section: Township: Range: Within A Wetlan		Yes X No Yes X No
Remarks:	-gy riesent!			103							a 	
HYDROLOGY												
	A1 - Surface V A2 - High Wai A3 - Saturatio B1 - Water Mi B2 - Sedimen B3 - Drift Dep B4 - Algal Mai B5 - Iron Dep B7 - Inundatio	ter Table n arks t Deposits osits t or Crust	gery	rs are not	B9 - Water-S B13 - Aquatio B15 - Marl D C1 - Hydroge C3 - Oxidized C4 - Presence	c Fauna eposits en Sulfide d Rhizosp ce of Red Iron Redu ck Surfac	odor oheres on Living Roots uced Iron uction in Tilled Soils ce		Secondary:	 B6 - Surface Soil (B10 - Drainage Pa B16 - Moss Trim I C2 - Dry-Season \ C3 - Crayfish Burr C9 - Saturation Vis D1 - Stunted or St D2 - Geomorphic D3 - Shallow Aquit D4 - Microtopogra D5 - FAC-Neutral 	atterns Lines Water Table ows sible on Aeri ressed Plan Position card phic Relief	al Imagery
Field Observat Surface Water F Water Table Pres Saturation Press	Present? esent? ent?	Yes X No Yes X No Yes X No	Depth: Depth: Depth:	wiel to - ((in.) (in.) (in.)			Wetland Hy	drology Pr	esent?	Yes 🛛	No
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SOILS												
Map Unit Name:							Series Drainage Class:				1	
Top	Bottom	e depth needed to document the in	dicator or confir	m the absence of Matrix		C=Concentra	tion, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix,	cs=Covered/Coated Sa dox Features		: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix)	Т	exture
Depth	Depth	Horizon	Color	(Moist)	%		Color (Moist)	%	Туре	Location		, sand, loam)
0	8	1	10YR	4/4	100						silty	clay loam
	A1- Histosol A2 - Histic Ep A3 - Black His A4 - Hydrogen A5 - Stratified A11 - Deplete A12 - Thick D S1 - Sandy M S4 - Sandy G S5 - Sandy R S6 - Stripped S7 - Dark Sur	stic n Sulfide Layers d Below Dark Surface ark Surface uck Mineral leyed Matrix edox Matrix face (LRR R, MLRA 149B)			S8 - Polyvalu	ie Below rk Surfac hroma Sa Mucky Mil Gleyed M Gleyed M d Matrix Dark Surfa d Dark Su	neral (LRR к, L) atrix асе urface	¹ Indicators of hyd disturt	A10 - 2 cm I A16 - Coast S3 - 5cm Mi S7 - Dark S S8 - Polyval S9 - Thin Da F12 - Iron-M F19 - Piedm F21 - Red P TA6 - Mesic TF12 - Very Other (Expla rophytic vegetat	 matic Soils ¹ Vluck (LRR K, L, MLRA 1 Prairie Redox (LRR K, L, M) Lacky Peat of Peat (I Lrface (LRR K, L, M) ue Below Surface (LRR K, L) langanese Masses ont Floodplain Soil: arent Material Spodic (MLRA 14AA, 1 Shallow Dark Surf; ion and welland hydrol tic.	K, L, R) ,RR K, L, R) ,LRR K, L, R) (LRR K, L, R) S (MLRA 149B) S (MLRA 149B) JCCE ogy must be p	
Restrictive Laye (If Observed)	r I	Rock		8"				Hydric Soil	Present?		Yes X	No
Remarks:												

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WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM

Northcentral-Northeast Region

Project/Site:	Additional Hydraulic Improvements Proje	ect			Wetland ID: Non-JD Sample Point: SP01
	· · · ·				
VEGETATION	(Species identified in all uppercase are non-nat	tive species.	.)		
	Plot size: 10 meter radius)	•	/		
	Species Name	% Cover	Dominant	Ind.Status	Dominance Test Worksheet
1.					
2.					Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A)
3.					
4.					Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
5.					
6.					Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100% (A/B)
7.					reicent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, of FAC. 100% (Arb)
					Drevelance Index Werkshoot
8.					Prevalence Index Worksheet
9.					Total % Cover of: <u>Multiply by:</u>
10.					OBL spp. <u>40</u> x 1 = <u>40</u>
	Total Cover =	0			FACW spp. <u>135</u> x 2 = <u>270</u>
					FAC spp. 10 x 3 = 30
Sapling/Shrub S	tratum (Plot size: 5 meter radius)				FACU spp. 0 x 4 = 0
1.	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	40	Y	FACW	UPL spp. <u>0</u> x 5 = <u>0</u>
2.	Salix nigra	40	Y	OBL	
3.	Ulmus americana	10	N	FACW	Total <mark>185</mark> (A) <u>340</u> (B)
4.	Populus deltoides	10	N	FAC	
5.					Prevalence Index = B/A = 1.838
6.					
7.					
8.					Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
9.					Yes X No Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
10.					$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$ Yes $\overline{\mathbf{N}}$ No Dominance Test is > 50%
10.					
	Total Cover =	100			
					Yes X No Morphological Adaptations (Explain) *
	lot size: 2 meter radius)			=	Yes 🕱 No Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain) *
1.	Phalaris arundinacea	85	Y	FACW	* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be
2.					present, unless disturbed or problematic.
3.					
4.					Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
5.					
6					Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter
7.					at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8.					
9.					Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater
10.					than 3.28 ft. tall.
11.					
12.					Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of
13.					size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.
13.					
14.					Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.
15.					Woody Villes - All woody villes greater than 5.26 ft. in height.
	Total Cover =	85			
	atum (Plot size: 10 meter radius)				
1.					
2.					
3.					Hydrophytic Vegetation Present 🛛 🗙 Yes 📃 No
4.					
5.					
	Total Cover =	0			
Remarks:					
dditional Re	marks:				

Page 2 of 2



WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM Northcentral-Northeast Region

Project/Site: Applicant: Investigator #1: Soil Unit: Landform: Slope (%): Are climatic/hyd	Maumee W <u>Aaron Kwol</u> Urban Land Rise 1		ncy Dist	rict Inve L 41589	stigator #2: ocal Relief: Longitude: of year? (frno	NV Convex -83.649	VI/WWI Classification: 8 867	174316204 N/A Datum: X Yes	N/A No	Date: County: State: Wetland ID: Sample Point: Community ID: Section:	07/22/20 Hancock Ohio Non-JD SP02 Upland 18
Are Vegetation Are Vegetation				disturbed blematic			Are normal circumst	ances presen No	t?	Township: Range:	1N 11E
SUMMARY OF			nally pro	Diematic	:		X 105	110		Range.	
Hydrophytic Veg		sent?		X Yes	No			Hydric Soils	Present?		Yes X No
Wetland Hydrol				Yes	_					Within A Wetland	
Remarks:											
HYDROLOGY											
	ology Indica	tors (Check here if	indicato	rs are not	t present)					
		ter Table in arks t Deposits iosits t or Crust			C4 - Presence	c Fauna eposits en Sulfide d Rhizosp ce of Red Iron Redu ck Surfac	Odor oheres on Living Roots uced Iron uction in Tilled Soils ce		Secondary:	B6 - Surface Soil (B10 - Drainage Pa B16 - Moss Trim L C2 - Dry-Season V C8 - Crayfish Burn C9 - Saturation Vis D1 - Stunted or St D2 - Geomorphic I D3 - Shallow Aquit D4 - Microtopogra D5 - FAC-Neutral	Itterns ines Vater Table ows sible on Aerial Imagery ressed Plants Position ard phic Relief
Field Observat Surface Water F Water Table Pres Saturation Prese	Present? esent? ent?	Yes X No Yes X No Yes X No	Depth: Depth: Depth:		(in.) (in.) (in.)			Wetland Hy	drology Pr	esent?	Yes 🕱 No
	ed Data (stre	eam gauge, monitorin	g well, ae	erial photo	os, previous i	nspectio	ns), if available:	N/A			
Remarks:											
SOILS Map Unit Name:	Lirban Land						Series Drainage Class:		ained Mod	orately Well Dra	
			dicator or confi	m the absence of	of indicators) (Type:		tion, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix,	• •			
Тор	Bottom			Matrix		-		edox Features		_ · · · · _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Texture
Depth	Depth	Horizon	Color	(Moist)	%		Color (Moist)	%	Туре	Location	(e.g. clay, sand, loam)
0	8	1	2.5Y	3/2	100						silty clay loam
Restrictive Laye	A1- Histosol A2 - Histic Ep A3 - Black His A4 - Hydroge A5 - Stratified A11 - Deplete A12 - Thick D S1 - Sandy M S4 - Sandy R S6 - Stripped S7 - Dark Sur	stic n Sulfide I Layers d Below Dark Surface lark Surface uck Mineral leyed Matrix edox Matrix face (LRR R, MLRA 149B)			S8 - Polyvalu	ie Below rk Surfac hroma Sa Mucky Mil Gleyed M Gleyed M d Matrix Dark Surfa d Dark Su	neral (LRR K, L) atrix асе ırface	¹ Indicators of hyd disturb	A10 - 2 cm I A16 - Coast S3 - 5cm Mi S7 - Dark S S8 - Polyval S9 - Thin Da F12 - Iron-M F19 - Piedm F12 - Iron-M F19 - Piedm F12 - Kery Other (Expla cophylic vegetat ed or problema		(, L, R) RR K, L, R) (LRR K, L, R) 5 (MLRA 149B) 5, 149B) aCCE ogy must be present, unless
(If Observed)	I	Rock		8"				Hydric Soil	Present?		Yes X No
Remarks:											

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WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM

Northcentral-Northeast Region

Project/Site:	Additional Hydraulic Improvements Proje	ect			Wetland ID: Non-JD Sample Point: SP02
VEGETATION	(Species identified in all uppercase are non-nat	ive specie	es.)		
Tree Stratum (Pl	lot size: 10 meter radius)				
	<u>Species Name</u>	% Cover	Dominant	Ind.Status	Dominance Test Worksheet
1.					
2.					Number of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
3.					
4.					Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
5.					
6.					Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100% (A/B)
7.					(AB)
					Drevelance Index Werkeheet
8.	-				Prevalence Index Worksheet
9.					Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
10.					OBL spp. 95 x 1 = 95
	Total Cover =	0			FACW spp. 85 x 2 = 170
					FAC spp. 0 x 3 = 0
Sapling/Shrub Sti	ratum (Plot size: 5 meter radius)				FACU spp. 0 x 4 = 0
1.	Salix nigra	95	Y	OBL	UPL spp. 0 x 5 = 0
2.					
3.					Total <u>180</u> (A) <u>265</u> (B)
4.					
5.					Prevalence Index = B/A = 1.472
6.					
7.					
8.					Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
9.					Yes X No Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
10.					\mathbf{X} Yes \mathbf{N} No Dominance Test is > 50%
10.	Total Cover =	95			X Yes No Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^{*}$
		00			
Liszh Otratura (Di					
	ot size: 2 meter radius) Phalaris arundinacea	85	Y	FACW	Yes X No Problem Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain) *
1.					* Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be
2.					present, unless disturbed or problematic.
3.					
4.					Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
5.					
6					Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6cm) or more in diameter
7.					at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8.					
9.					Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater
10.					than 3.28 ft. tall.
11.					
12.					Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of
13.					size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft. tall.
14.					
15.					Woody Vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft. in height.
	Total Cover =	85			
		00			
Woody Vino Stra	tum (Plot size: 10 meter radius)				
1.					
2.					
3.					Hydrophytic Vegetation Present X Yes No
					nyurophytic vegetation present X res No
4.					
5.					
<u> </u>	Total Cover =	0			
Remarks:					
Additional Re	marks				

B.2 QHEI DATA FORM

Stroom & Logation 11	and Use Assessment Field Sheet Date: 07
Stream & Location: Add	in the second se
River Code: -	
	(NAD 83 - decimal")
1] SUBSTRATE Check ONL estimate %	or note every type present Check ONE (072 a strong of the LITY
BEST TYPES POOL	RIFFLE OTTER TTELS POOL RIFFLE OTTOM
BLDR /SLABS [10]	
GRAVEL [7]	
NUMBER OF BEST TYPE	(Score natural substrates; ignore Call Riphore [0] ES: 24 or more [2] sludge from point-sources) Calcusturine [0] 3 or less [0] Calcusture [1]
Comments	COAL FINES [-2]
<u></u>	ticate presence 0 to 3: 0-Absent: 1-Very small amounts or if more common of marginal AMOUN
- 013	ality: 2. Moderate amounts but not of highest quality or in small amounts of highest
quality; 3-Highest quality in mod diameter log that is stable, well	developed contrad in deep / last water, or deep, well defined, functional books.
UNDERCUT BANKS [1]	POOLS > 70cm [2] OXBOWS, BACKWATERS [1] MODERATE 2-7
OVERHANGING VEGETA	
ROOTMATS [1]	
Comments	Maxim
and the second sec	
MODERATE [3] GOOD	
ONNE [1] OPOR Comments	3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1]
Z LOW [2] Image: FAIR [3] Image: NONE [1] Image: POOR Comments Image: Poor	3] TRECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chai [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Maxim
Z LOW [2] Image: FAIR [3] Image: NONE [1] Image: POOR Comments Image: Poor	3] TRECOVERING [3] [1] LOW [1] Chail
LOW [2] FAIR [3 NONE [1] POOR Comments A] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream R EROSION	3] PRECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chail Maxim [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY [] WIDE > 50m [4] Procest, SWAMP [3] Procest, SWAMP [3]
LOW [2] FAIR [2] NONE [1] POOR Comments BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream B EROSION D NONE / LITTLE [3] []	3] PRECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chail Maxim [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY [] WIDE > 50m [4] FOREST, SWAMP [3] Conservation till [] MODERATE 10-50m [3] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] REACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average)
LOW [2] FAIR [3 NONE [1] POOR Comments A] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream R EROSION NONE / LITTLE [3] MODERATE [2] HEAVY / SEVERE [1]	3] P RECOVERING [3] [1] LOW [1] LOW [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) RIPARIAN WIDTH RIPARIAN WIDTH RIPARIAN WIDTH RIPARIAN WIDTH RIPARIAN WIDTH RIPARIAN WIDTH B FOREST, SWAMP [3] MODERATE 10-50m [3] B SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] D RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] MINING / CONSTRUCT VERY NARROW < 5m [1] FENCED PASTURE [1) Indicate performinant land use
A LOW [2] A FAIR [3] NONE [1] POOR Comments 4] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream BEROSION BONNE / LITTLE [3] DOMOBERATE [2] HEAVY / SEVERE [1]	3] RECOVERING [3] [1] LOW [1] [1] Chall Maxim 3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chall Maxim [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Chall Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & avorage) RIPARIAN WIDTH RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY B wide > 50m [4] B Forest, SwaMP [3] B Moderate 10-50m [3] B SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] CONSERVATION TILL MARROW 5-10m [2] B RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] Mining / CONSTRUC VERY NARROW < 5m [1]
A LOW [2] A FAIR [3] NONE [1] POOR Comments 4] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream BEROSION BONNE / LITTLE [3] DOMOBERATE [2] HEAVY / SEVERE [1]	3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chall Maxim [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Chall Maxim <i>RIPARIAN ZONE</i> Check ONE in each category for <i>EACH BANK</i> (Or 2 per bank & average) RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY WIDE > 50m [4] B FOREST, SWAMP [3] B CONSERVATION TILL MODERATE 10-50m [3] B SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] CONSERVATION TILL NARROW 5-10m [2] B RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] Mining / CONSTRUC VERY NARROW < 5m [1]
LOW [2] FAIR [3 NONE [1] POOR Comments BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream R EROSION I NONE / LITTLE [3] D MODERATE [2] HEAVY / SEVERE [1] Comments	3] PRECOVERING [3] [1] LOW [1] [1] Chail Maxim 3] RECOVERING [3] [1] LOW [1] Chail Maxim [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Chail Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) Riparian RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY P WIDE > 50m [4] Porest, swamp [3] Porest, swamp [3] Moderate 10-50m [3] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] Porestore the component of the com
LOW [2] FAIR [3 NONE [1] POOR Comments A] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream B EROSION I NONE / LITTLE [3] I MODERATE [2] I HEAVY / SEVERE [1] Comments For the sevent seve	3] PRECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chail Maxim [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) Maxim RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY P WIDE > 50m [4] FOREST, SWAMP [3] CONSERVATION TILL MODERATE 10-50m [3] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] CONSERVATION TILL NARROW 5-10m [2] RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] MINING / CONSTRUCT VERY NARROW < 5m [1]
LOW [2] FAIR [3 NONE [1] POOR Comments A] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream R EROSION I NONE / LITTLE [3] D MODERATE [2] HEAVY / SEVERE [1] Comments For the sevent	3] PRECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chall Maxim 3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chall Maxim 3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chall Maxim 4[1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Chall Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & avorage) Maxim RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY R WIDE > 50m [4] Forest, SWAMP [3] B Moderate 10-50m [3] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] CONSERVATION TILL MARROW 5-10m [2] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] Indicate predominant land use VERY NARROW < 5m [1]
2 LOW [2] FAIR [2] NONE [1] POOR Comments 4] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream R EROSION NONE / LITTLE [3] MODERATE [2] HEAVY / SEVERE [1] Comments 5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIM MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY!) > 1m [6] 0.7-<1m [4]	3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chail Maxim [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Image: Chail Maxim Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY WIDE > 50m [4] FOREST, SWAMP [3] B FOREST, SWAMP [3] B MODERATE 10-50m [3] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] MINING / CONSERVATION TILL NARROW 5-10m [2] RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] MINING / CONSTRUCT VERY NARROW < 5m [1]
2 LOW [2] FAIR [2] NONE [1] POOR Comments 4] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream R EROSION NONE / LITTLE [3] MODERATE [2] HEAVY / SEVERE [1] Comments 5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIM MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY!) > 1m [6] 0.7-<1m [4]	3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chail Maxim 3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Maxim 4[1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) Maxim RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY Reconservation till WIDE > 50m [4] FOREST, SWAMP [3] Reconservation till MODERATE 10-50m [3] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] MINING / CONSERVATION TILL NARROW 5-10m [2] RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] MINING / CONSTRUCT VERY NARROW 5-10m [2] RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] Indicate predominant land use past 100m riparian. VERY NARROW 5-5m [1] FENCED PASTURE, ROWCROP [0] Indicate predominant land use past 100m riparian. PANNEL WIDTH CURRENT VELOCITY Indicate predominant land use past 100m riparian. Ripar OL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TORRENTUAL [-1] SLOW [1] Indicate predominant land use past 100m riparian. Ripar DOL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TORRENTUAL [-1] SLOW [1] Indicate predominant land use past 100m riparian. Ripar DOL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] TORRENTUAL [-1] SLOW [1] SLOW [1] Indicate predominant
2 LOW [2] Comments 4] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream B EROSION NONE / LITTLE [3] [1] MODERATE [2] [2] HEAVY / SEVERE [1] [2] Comments [3] Comments [4] MODERATE [2] [1] Comments [5] FOOL / GLIDE AND RIM MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY!) [4] [4] [5] POOL / GLIDE AND RIM [6] [4] [6] [4] [6] [4] [6] [4] [6] [4] [6] [4] [6] [4] [7] [7] [8] [8] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9] [9]<	3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chail Maxim 3] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Chail Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) Maxim RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY B WIDE > 50m [4] FOREST, SWAMP [3] CONSERVATION TILL MODERATE 10-50m [3] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] MINING / CONSTRUCT NARROW 5-10m [2] RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] MINING / CONSTRUCT VERY NARROW < 5m [1]
2 LOW [2] Comments 4] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream B EROSION NONE / LITTLE [3] [1] MODERATE [2] [2] HEAVY / SEVERE [1] [2] Comments [3] Comments [4] MODERATE [2] [1] Comments [5] FOOL / GLIDE AND RIM MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY!) > 1m [6] [6] 0.7-<(m [4]	3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chail Maxim [1] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) Maxim RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY CONSERVATION TILL WIDE > 50m [4] FOREST, SWAMP [3] CONSERVATION TILL MODERATE 10-50m [3] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] CONSERVATION TILL MODERATE 10-50m [3] SHRUB OR OLD FIELD [2] MINING / CONSTRUCT NARROW 5-10m [2] RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] MINING / CONSTRUCT VERY NARROW 5-10m [2] RESIDENTIAL, PARK, NEW FIELD [1] Indicate predominant land use past 100m nparian. WONE [0] OPEN PASTURE, ROWCROP [0] Indicate predominant land use past 100m nparian. Ripar FFLE / RUN QUALITY CHANNEL WIDTH CURRENT VELOCITY Indicate predominant land use past 100m nparian. Ripar FOL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [2] CORRENTIAL [-1] INTERMITERSTITIAL [-1] Maximu DOL WIDTH > RIFFLE WIDTH [0] VERY FAST [1] INTERMITERNIT[-1] Secondary Condition continue to the part continue to the properties [1] INTERMITIENT [-2] Circle one and continent to the properties [1] Interminiterentiferentif [-2] Circle one and continen
2 LOW [2] Comments 3 NONE [1] POOR Comments POOR 4] BANK EROSION AND River right looking downstream 8 EROSION 10 NONE / LITTLE [3] 11 NONE / LITTLE [3] 12 MODERATE [2] 13 HEAVY / SEVERE [1] 14 HEAVY / SEVERE [1] 15 POOL / GLIDE AND RIM MAXIMUM DEPTH Check ONE (ONLY!) 14 POOL 16 Im [6] 17 Im [6] 18 Im [6] 19 Im [6] 10 Im [2] 10 Im [2] 10 Im [2] 10 Im [2] 11 Im [2] 12 Im [0] 13 Im [2] 14 Im [2] 15 Im [1] 16 Im [2] 17 Im [2] 18 Im [2] 19 Im [2] 10 <t< td=""><td>3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chail Maxim 3] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY B B FOREST, SWAMP [3] B CONSERVATION TILL B FOREST, SWAMP [3] B Recreation Potential [1] B Recreation Potential [1] Scow [1] Nation CHANNEL WIDTH CURRENT VELOCITY Primary Contential [1] <</td></t<>	3] RECOVERING [3] LOW [1] Chail Maxim 3] RECENT OR NO RECOVERY [1] Maxim RIPARIAN ZONE Check ONE in each category for EACH BANK (Or 2 per bank & average) RIPARIAN WIDTH FLOOD PLAIN QUALITY B B FOREST, SWAMP [3] B CONSERVATION TILL B FOREST, SWAMP [3] B Recreation Potential [1] B Recreation Potential [1] Scow [1] Nation CHANNEL WIDTH CURRENT VELOCITY Primary Contential [1] <
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Appendix C PHOTOGRAPHS





Photo Location 1. View of Stream 1/Blanchard River. Photograph taken facing upstream/east.



Photo Location 1. View of Stream 1/Blanchard River. Photograph taken facing downstream/west.





Photo Location 2. View of Stream 1/Blanchard River. Photograph taken facing upstream/east.



Photo Location 2. View of Stream 1/Blanchard River. Photograph taken facing downstream/west.





Photo Location 3. View of wetland determination sample point SP01. Photograph taken facing north.



Photo Location 3. View of wetland determination sample point SP01. Photograph taken facing south.





Photo Location 4. View of wetland determination sample point SP02. Photograph taken facing east.



Photo Location 4. View of wetland determination sample point SP02. Photograph taken facing northwest.





Photo Location 5. View of industrial habitat. Photograph taken facing east.



Photo Location 6. View of maintained lawn habitat. Photograph taken facing south.





Photo Location 7. View of mixed early successional/second growth riparian forest. Photograph taken facing southeast.